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STRUCTURAL PHASE TRANSITIONS IN Rb2KFeF6 AND Rb2KYF6 ELPASOLITES

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The elpasolite-type compounds Rb $_2$ KFeF, and Rb $_2$ KYF, undergo a structural phase transition at 175 $^{\circ}$ K and 398 K, respectively, from a high-temperature cubic phase (Fm3m) to a tetragonal - or pseudo-tetragonal - distorted low-temperature phase. These transitions have been studied on powdered samples and on single crystals using DSC, X-ray diffraction and Raman scattering techniques. The group to sub-group relations are proposed, which lead to the "family tree" of the elpasolite series.

 $$\rm Rb_2KYF_6$: the space group of the low-temperature phase of $\rm Rb_2KYF_6$ is either $\rm Pl2_1/nl$ or $\rm Pll2_1/n$. It can be assumed that the transition is of first order although it is apparently continuous. This transition, which is probably of the "triggered"-type, is induced by an order-disorder process. In the cubic phase of $\rm Rb_2KYF_6$ the orientational disorder of the YF octahedra may be coupled with a positional disorder of the Rb cations in $\rm CN=12$.

 ${\rm Rb}_2{\rm KFeF}_6$: on the basis of both group-theory considerations and experimental data, it may be assumed that ${\rm P4/m},~{\rm P2/m},~{\rm P1l2}_1/{\rm n}$ and P1 space groups are candidates for the low-temperature phase of ${\rm Rb}_2{\rm KFeF}_6$. On the basis of the present data, the strong first-order character of this transition does not allow any further hypothesis on the involved transition mechanism.